HOWARD COUNTY POLICE AND FIRE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Retirement Plan Committee Howard County Police and Fire Employee's Retirement Plan Howard County, Maryland

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Howard County Police and Fire Employee's Retirement Plan (the Plan) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Plan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Plan as of June 30, 2021 and 2020, and the changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) on pages 3 through 9, Schedule of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratio's, the Schedule of County Contributions, and the Schedule of Investment Returns on pages 26 through 28 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 10, 2021, on our consideration of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Baltimore, Maryland November 10, 2021

Introduction

The Howard County Police and Fire Employees' Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement plan administered by Howard County, Maryland, which provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and cost-of-living adjustments.

Responsibilities for administration and operation of the Police and Fire Plan are vested in a Retirement Committee with seven members (Committee). The Committee has authority to establish and amend the respective benefit and contribution provisions.

Membership Data

	07/01/20	07/01/19	07/01/18
Active	947	929	900
Retired and beneficiaries	430	389	370
Disabled	35	36	34
Terminated vested	26	22	18
Total	1438	1376	1322

Financial Highlights

The financial statements of the Plan were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed and expenses are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value.

As of June 30, 2021, the net position was \$825.8 million, as compared to \$648.9 million at June 30, 2020. The increase in net position of \$176.9 million was attributable to the combination of manager selection and risk assets performing well as the markets have been responding to the COVID-19 vaccine rollout and support from monetary and fiscal interventions.

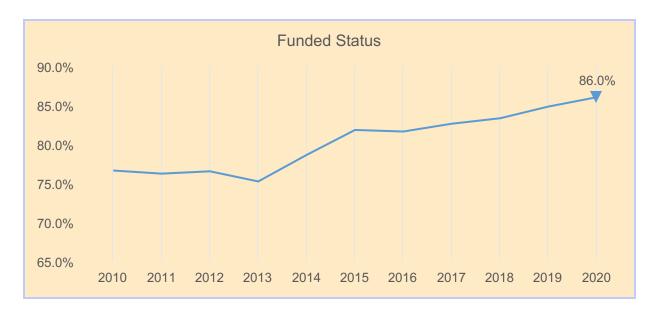
	Fiscal Year*				
		2021		2020	2019
Contributions	\$	40.30	\$	39.29	\$ 35.84
Benefit payments	\$	34.63	\$	34.32	\$ 27.57
Contribution rates		35.40 %		35.40 %	33.10 %
# of benefit recipients		485		456	424

^{*}amounts in millions



Funded Status

The plan's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit obligations through contributions and investment income. The funding ratio, which is the actuarial value of assets divided by the actuarial accrued liability is an estimate of how well the Plan is meeting that objective. A higher ratio indicates the Plan is better funded. The funded ratio of the Plan was 86.0% and 84.8% as of July 1, 2020 and July 1, 2019, respectively.



Overview of the Basic Financial Statements

In this financial report, the basic financial statements consist of the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position with accompanying notes as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021 with comparative information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019. The financial position is comprised of assets, which primarily consist of investments less liabilities, including accounts payable and investment commitments payable.

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position presents the additions to and deductions from the Plan's net position during the year. The Plan receives contributions from participants and the County, as well as income or losses from investments and related activities. The primary deductions are the payment of benefits, which are the Plan's primary objectives. Deductions also include refunds to members who leave the Plan as well as administrative expenses.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Notes to Financial Statements contain disclosures and discussions which support the data presented in the financial statements. The notes present information about the administration of the Plan, significant accounting policies, and investments. The notes are an integral part of the financial statements and should be considered in conjunction with any review of the financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

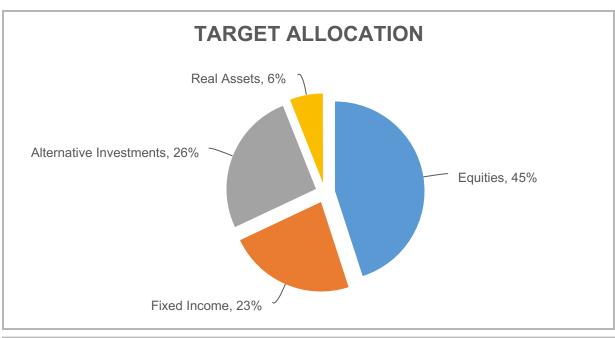
The RSI section provides actuarially determined information about the Plan and displays changes for the Plan's Net Pension Liability (NPL) and related ratios, contributions related to payrolls by the Plan, and money-weighted investment returns.

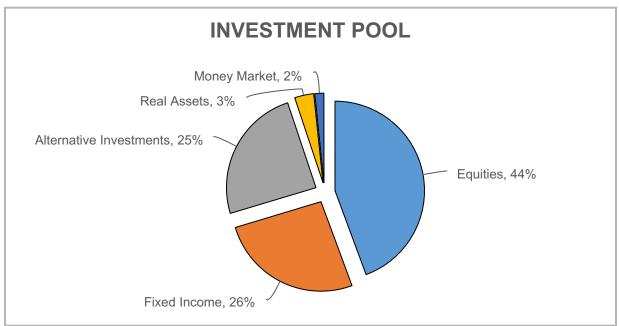
The following Condensed Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position present financial information for the Plan and compares fiscal years 2021, 2020, and 2019.

							2021	2020
							Percentage	Percentage
Assets		2021		2020	_	2019	Change	Change
Receivables	\$	8,566,776	\$	3,366,415	\$	2,990,656	154%	13%
Investments		824,938,334		647,124,282		619,810,895	27%	4%
Prepaid Insurance		27,341		24,071		24,071	14%	- %
Total Assets		833,532,451		650,514,768		622,825,622	28%	4%
Liabilities								
Investment Purchased		7,360,135		1,184,365		3,081,835	521%	(62)%
Accounts Payable		338,603		453,370		385,354	(25)%	18%
Total Liabilities		7,698,738		1,637,735		3,467,189	370%	(53)%
Net Position Held in Trust								` ,
for Pension Benefits	\$	825,833,713	\$	648,877,033	\$	619,358,433	27%	5%
Additions								
Employer Contributions	\$	31,923,458	\$	31,105,248	\$	27,719,839	3%	12%
Employee Contributions	Y	8,373,851	Y	8,183,867	Y	8,124,859	2%	1%
Investment Income		171,694,798		24,964,140		39,639,186	588%	(37)%
Total Additions		211,992,107		64,253,255		75,483,884	230%	(15)%
Deductions								
Benefit Payments and Refunds		34,634,301		34,321,194		27,571,300	1%	24%
Administrative Expense		401,126		413,461		456,187	(3)%	(9)%
Total Deductions		35,035,427		34,734,655			(3)% 1%	24%
Total Deductions		33,033,427		34,734,033		28,027,487	170	24%
Net Change		176,956,680		29,518,600		47,456,397	499%	(38)%
Net Position Held in Trust								
for Pension Benefits:								
Beginning of Year		648,877,033		619,358,433		571,902,036	5%	8%
End of Year	\$	825,833,713	\$	648,877,033	\$	619,358,433	27%	5%

Investments

Investments consist of US equities (large cap and non-large cap), international equities (international developed markets and international emerging markets), fixed income, real assets, money market and alternatives (private equities and hedge funds). The Plan is a participant in a combined pension investment pool and it does not own an undivided interest in specific assets of the Pool. The investments presented by category are the Plan's proportionate share of the investments by category of the Pool that are reported at fair value.





LONG TERM EXPECTED RATE OF RETURN			
Equities	4.60 %		
Fixed Income	2.20 %		
Alternative Investments	6.00 %		
Real Assets	5.10 %		

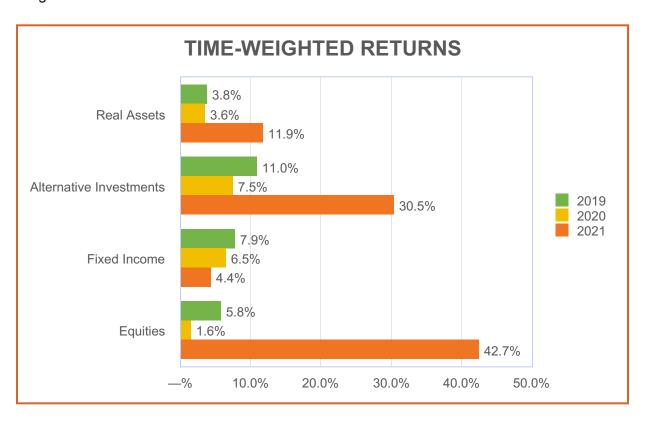
Investment Performance Summary

The retiree's benefit is paid from investment earnings and contributions. Displayed below is a comparison of the portfolio's returns (composite) to its policy benchmark in one year, three years and five years:



Note: The performance listed may not reflect final returns as of the date listed as private markets report investment returns on a quarter basis lag.

The investment Pool's time-weighted returns (gross of fees) are displayed by investment type in the following table.



Additional Information

The Plan's financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are available at Howard County's web page at www.howardcountymd.gov/Departments/Finance/Financial-Information/Audit-Information.

HOWARD COUNTY POLICE AND FIRE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN STATEMENTS OF IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021		2020	
ASSETS			_	
Receivables:				
Employer Contributions	\$	2,133,167	\$ 1,962,266	
Member Contributions		556,883	516,661	
Interest and Dividends		513,893	607,988	
Due from Sale of Investments		5,350,251	266,964	
Other		12,582	12,536	
Total Receivables		8,566,776	3,366,415	
Investments:				
Money Market		13,627,183	15,721,518	
Equities		366,041,127	251,320,810	
Fixed Income		214,423,607	195,682,778	
Alternative Investments		202,300,101	159,882,515	
Real Assets		28,546,316	24,516,661	
Total Investments		824,938,334	647,124,282	
Prepaid Insurance		27,341	 24,071	
Total Assets		833,532,451	 650,514,768	
LIABILITIES				
Investment Purchases		7,360,135	1,184,365	
Accounts Payable		338,603	453,370	
Total Liabilities		7,698,738	1,637,735	
Fiduciary Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	825,833,713	\$ 648,877,033	

HOWARD COUNTY POLICE AND FIRE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 AND 2020

	2021	2020
ADDITIONS:		
CONTRIBUTIONS		
Employer	\$ 31,923,458	\$ 31,105,248
Member	8,373,851	8,183,867
Total Contributions	40,297,309	39,289,115
INVESTMENT INCOME		
Net Appreciation in Fair Value of Investments	147,433,789	10,608,211
Interest	2,127,877	2,767,142
Dividends	23,842,241	13,190,515
Other, Net	26,011	65,121
Total Investment Income	173,429,918	26,630,989
Less: Investment Expense	1,735,120	1,666,849
Net Investment Income	171,694,798	24,964,140
Total Additions	211,992,107	64,253,255
DEDUCTIONS:		
BENEFITS		
Annuities	34,161,643	33,784,301
Death	_	347,620
Refunds of Contributions	472,658	189,273
Total Benefits	34,634,301	34,321,194
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	401,126	413,461
Total Deductions	35,035,427	34,734,655
NET CHANGE	176,956,680	29,518,600
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS:		
Beginning of Year	648,877,033	619,358,433
End of Year	\$ 825,833,713	\$ 648,877,033

NOTE 1 PLAN DESCRIPTION

Plan Administration

The Howard County Police and Fire Employees' Retirement Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system established and administered by Howard County (the County), Maryland, to provide defined pension benefits for career firefighters and sworn police officers. The Plan is considered part of the County's financial reporting entity and is included in the County's financial statements as a pension trust fund. The accompanying financial statements present only the operations of the Plan and are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations of the County.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2020 and 2019, the Plan's membership consisted of the following:

	2020	2019
Active	947	929
Retired and Beneficiaries	430	389
Disabled	35	36
Terminated Vested	26	22
Total	1,438	1,376

The Plan was established, is operated, and may be amended under the provisions of Sections 1.400 and 1.401A to 1.478A of the Howard County Code. All of the County's full-time career firefighters and sworn police officers are eligible to participate in the Plan. The Retirement Plan Committee established by Howard County Code Section 1.455A has full power and authority to administer and operate the Plan in accordance with its terms and in particular the authority contained in subsection 1.454A. The Pension Oversight Commission established by Howard County Code, Section 1.482 provides ongoing assessment and evaluation of the Plan's operations.

Benefits Provided

All of the County's full-time career police and fire officers hired on or after July 1, 1990 must enroll in the Police and Fire Plan. The Plan provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and cost-of-living adjustments.

Participants become vested after 5 years of eligibility service and are entitled to a benefit beginning at age 62. Terminated vested employees with less than 20 years of service will receive a benefit equal to 2.5% of average compensation times the number of years of creditable service, payable at age 62. If an employee leaves employment or dies before 5 years of eligibility service, accumulated employee contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee or the designated beneficiary. A participant who becomes totally and permanently disabled may retire prior to normal retirement and receive a benefit. Both disability and death benefits vary if incurred in the line of duty.

NOTE 1 PLAN DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

Employees who attain the age of 62 with at least 5 years of eligibility service and employees who have completed 20 years of eligibility service, if at least 10 years were served as a covered employee, are entitled to a normal retirement benefit. The amount will vary, based on the number of years of creditable service, from 50% (with 20 years of service) to 80% (with 30 years of service) of average compensation for police; and from 50% (with 20 years of service) to 70% (with 30 years of service) of average compensation for firefighters.

Benefits in pay status are adjusted annually for a post retirement cost of living adjustment (COLA). The Plan uses the Consumer Price Index (CPI-U) for the Baltimore-Columbia-Towson area as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to calculate the change in retiree allowances each July. The maximum annual COLA is 2%.

Contributions

The Plan is authorized to establish or amend the obligations to make contributions under the provisions of the Howard County Code, Sections 1.423A and 1.465A. The Plan's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate adequate assets to pay benefits when due. Participant contributions are 11.6% of base pay for participating Police Department Employees and 7.7% of base pay for participating Fire and Rescue Department Employees. The County funds the remainder of the cost of employees' participation in the Plan, which was 35.4% of covered payroll in fiscal years 2021 and 2020. The County contribution to the Plan is determined through an actuarial valuation performed by Bolton Partners, Inc. for each fiscal year. In fiscal year 2021, the County contribution to the Plan was in excess of the actuarially determined contribution. This increase in contribution was adopted in order to maintain stability from year to year. Expenses incurred in the administration and operation of the Plan are funded by the Plan.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PLAN ASSET MATTERS

Method Used to Value Investments

The Plan's investments are maintained in a combined investment pool. The Plan does not own an undivided interest in specific assets of the Pool. The investments presented by category are the Plan's proportionate share of the investments by category of the Pool and are reported at fair value. Short-term investments such as money market investments are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Securities that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value derived from third-party pricing services. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on a trade date basis. The fair values of real estate investments are based on net asset values (NAV) provided by the investment managers. The fair value of non-pooled investments is determined annually and is based on current market prices. The fair value of investments in open-end mutual funds is determined based on the fund's current share price.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PLAN ASSET MATTERS (CONTINUED)

Method Used to Value Investments (Continued)

The Plan invests in assets measured at NAV and include private equity, equity hedge, real assets and international equity funds, which are collectively considered alternative investments. Alternative investments include interests in limited partnerships and limited liability companies invested in venture capital, private equities, and other investments. These investments are recorded based on net asset value amounts established by the respective fund managers as a practical approximation of fair value. Because alternative investments are not readily marketable, the estimated value is subject to uncertainty and, therefore, may differ materially from the amount reported.

Basis of Accounting

The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which employee services are performed and expenses and refunds are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Benefits are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

The Internal Revenue Service issued a determination letter on September 28, 2016, which stated that the Plan and its underlying trust qualify under the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and therefore are exempt from Federal income taxes.

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS

Investment Policy

The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and administered by the Retirement Plan Committee. Specific investment goals stated in the policy are reviewed at least annually and, when appropriate, new goals and standards are adopted by the Retirement Plan Committee. The policy is expected to provide diversification of assets in an effort to maximize investment return to the Plan consistent with prudent market and economic risk. All of the Plan's assets are to remain invested at all times in the asset classes as designated by the policy.

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investment Policy (Continued)

The following strategic asset allocation policy was adopted by the Plan on March 21, 2002, last amended on April 29, 2021 and remained in effect as of June 30, 2021:

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation
Equities	45.0 %
Fixed Income	23.0
Alternative Investments	26.0
Real Assets	6.0
Total	100.0 %

Concentrations

The Plan held investments in the following organizations that represent 5% or more of the pension plan's fiduciary net position: Baillie Gifford (5%), BlackRock (8%), Blackstone (5%), Dodge and Cox (9%), LSV (7%), Magnitude (5%), Mondrian (5%), PIMCO (9%), and Westfield (9%).

Risks and Uncertainties

The Plan invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, foreign currency and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of fiduciary net position.

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Risks and Uncertainties (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

The Plan's investment policy does not place any limits on the professional investment managers with respect to the duration of investments for the Plan. The Plan's fixed income investments by maturity and type at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

		Weighted Average
	Fair Value/	Maturity
Investment Type	NAV	(in Years)
Corporate Bonds	\$ 26,799,984	14.15
U.S. Government - Sponsored Enterprises	19,404,251	26.00
Government Issued/Treasuries	14,101,236	6.64
Other Asset-Backed Securities	3,082,150	21.12
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	4,784,028	44.26
Municipal Securities	1,180,071	14.72
Commingled Funds and Preferred Stock		
Identified as Fixed Income for Reporting Purposes	145,071,887	Not Available
Total	\$ 214,423,607	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity of Available		25.61

The Plan's fixed income investments by maturity and type at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Investment Type	Fair Value/ NAV	Weighted Average Maturity (in Years)
Corporate Bonds	\$ 33,165,261	15.33
U.S. Government - Sponsored Enterprises	17,668,915	23.30
Government Issued/Treasuries	4,314,041	1.76
Other Asset-Backed Securities	3,504,894	22.00
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	5,683,033	44.55
Municipal Securities	1,607,828	15.91
Commingled Funds and Preferred Stock		
Identified as Fixed Income for Reporting Purposes	129,738,806	Not Available
Total	\$ 195,682,778	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity of Available		19.47

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Risks and Uncertainties (Continued)

Credit Risk

The demand deposit accounts (DDA's) held by State Street Bank are unrated, as are the mutual funds used by the Plans. At fiscal year-end, the Plan's fixed income investments had the following risk characteristics in Fiscal Years 2021 and 2020:

	Fiscal Year 2021	
Standard & Poor's Rating or Comparable	Fair Value	
AAA to A-	\$	6,737,962
BBB to BB-		24,168,497
Not Rated		183,517,148
Total	\$	214,423,607
		_
	Fis	scal Year 2020
Standard & Poor's Rating or Comparable		Fair Value
AAA to A-	\$	11,501,472
BBB to BB-		26,601,509
Not Rated		157,579,797
Total	\$	195,682,778

Concentration of Credit Risk

The Plan's investment policy does not establish any limitation on the percentage that the Plan may have with any one issuer, other than to state that the Plan's assets are to be diversified in accordance with Modern Portfolio Theory. At June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, the Plan's investments did not exceed 5% with any one issuer other than as identified on page 15.

Custodial Credit Risk

State Street Bank invests in interest bearing DDA's in the name of the Plan for all accounts and pays interest equal to the effective Federal Funds rate, which is included in money markets on the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. At fiscal year-end, the amount in this fund at amortized cost which approximates fair value was \$13,627,183 which was partially used for settlement of open purchases of \$7,360,135. All other investments of the fund are held by State Street Bank as trustee in the Plan's name.

Credit Risk - Currency Forward Contract

One of the Plan's investment objectives is to diversify assets in accordance with the Modern Portfolio Theory (MPT) in order to reduce overall risk. Consistent with this objective, the Plan has invested in some funds that hold three-month currency forward contracts. This strategy is undertaken to protect the dollar value of underlying international investments. At fiscal year-end, there were no hedges in place.

NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Risks and Uncertainties (Continued)

Foreign Currency Risk

The Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk derives from its investments in foreign currency or instruments denominated in foreign currency. Investments in such securities are limited to a maximum net currency exposure of 36.5% at any given time. These pool of assets may also include hedged assets, therefore, reducing the overall currency risk. The Plan was exposed to foreign currency risk through the Pools investment in Euro denominated alternative investments. The Pool total of these investments was \$21,246,284 and \$16,295,302 at June 30,3020 and June 30, 2020, respectively. The Plan's proportionate share was \$12,081.586 and \$9,232,613 at June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Rate of Return

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, were 25.9% and 4.10%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amount actually invested.

Investments Purchased and Due from Sales of Investments

Investment transactions are recorded on a trade plus three days or less timetable resulting in an amount due to and due from State Street Bank (the "Plan's Trustee") at year-end.

NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Plan investments are reported at fair value. The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include: quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation of other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

The assets or liabilities fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The table below reflects the Plan's proportionate share of the Pool's investments by type and fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as of June 30:

Investments by Fair Value Level Debt Securities:	June 30, 2021		Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significar Unobserva Inputs (Level 3	
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations								
(Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac and GNMA)	\$	4,784,028	\$	_	\$	4,784,028	\$	_
Corporate Bonds		26,799,985		_		26,799,985		_
Commingled Funds (Fixed Income)		102,496,736		28,059,986		74,436,750		_
FHLMC and FNMA Bonds		19,404,251		_		19,404,251		_
U.S. Treasury Securities		14,101,236		_		14,101,236		_
Municipal Bonds		1,180,071		_		1,180,071		_
Other Asset Backed Securities		3,082,150		_		3,082,150		_
Preferred Stock		664,751		664,751		_		_
Total Debt Securities		172,513,208		28,724,737		143,788,471		
Equity Securities:								
Common Stocks		215,286,871		215,286,871		_		_
Small Company Portfolio		11,260,112		11,260,112		_		_
Emerging Market Equity Portfolio		67,550,886		67,550,886		_		_
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS)		1,537,648		1,537,648				
Total Equity Securities		295,635,517	_	295,635,517	_	_	_	
Total Investment by Fair Value Level		468,148,725	\$	324,360,254	\$	143,788,471	\$	
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV):								
Private Equity Funds		120,903,277						
Private Credit Funds		2,353,250						
Hedge Funds		79,043,574						
Real Assets Funds		28,546,316						
International Equity Funds		44,162,624						
Commingled Fund within International Equities		26,242,986						
Commingled Fund within International Fixed Income		27,150,015						
Commingled Fund within Domestic Fixed Income		14,760,384						
Total Investments Measured at the NAV		343,162,426						
Total Investments Measured								
at Fair Value*	\$	811,311,151						

^{*}Net of money market funds totaling \$13,627,183 which includes securities that have maturities of less than one year and may be measured at amortized cost.

NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

			Fair Value Measurement Using						
			Quoted						
				Prices in					
				Active					
				Markets for		Other	Sig	nificant	
				Identical		Observable		Unobservabl	
				Assets	Inputs (Level 2)		Inputs		
	Ju	ne 30, 2020		(Level 1)			(L	evel 3)	
Investments by Fair Value Level									
Debt Securities:									
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations									
(Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac and GNMA)	\$	5,683,033	\$	_	\$	5,683,033	\$	_	
Corporate Bonds		33,165,261		_		33,165,261		_	
Commingled Funds (Fixed Income)		90,486,477		22,185,417		68,301,060		_	
FHLMC and FNMA Bonds		17,668,915		_		17,668,915		_	
U.S. Treasury Securities		4,314,041		_		4,314,041		_	
Municipal Bonds		1,607,828		_		1,607,828		_	
Other Asset Backed Securities		3,504,893		_		3,504,893		_	
Preferred Stock		629,104		629,104		_		_	
Total Debt Securities		157,059,552		22,814,521		134,245,031		_	
Equity Securities:									
Common Stocks		143,282,013		143,282,013		_		_	
Small Company Portfolio		6,764,629		6,764,629		_		_	
Emerging Market Equity Portfolio		46,446,049		46,446,049		_		_	
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS)		898,359		898,359		_		_	
Total Equity Securities	_	197,391,050		197,391,050	_			_	
Total Investment by Fair Value Level		354,450,602	_	220,205,571	_	134,245,031			
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV):									
Private Equity Funds		89,493,459							
Private Credit Funds		710,588							
Hedge Funds		69,678,468							
Real Assets Funds		24,516,661							
International Equity Funds		29,596,299							
Commingled Fund within International Equities		24,333,460							
Commingled Fund within International Fixed Income		24,800,678							
Commingled Fund within Domestic Fixed Income		13,822,549							
Total Investments Measured at the NAV	_	276,952,162							
Total investments Measured									
at Fair Value*	\$	631,402,764							

^{*} Net of money market funds totaling \$15,721,518, which includes securities that have remaining maturities of less than 1 year and may be measured at amortized cost.

NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy refers to securities not traded on an active market but for which observable market inputs are readily available. Fixed income securities are priced on a daily basis, market to market, using a variety of third-party pricing sources, market data and methodologies.

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table:

			Redemption	
			Frequency (if	Redempti
	Fair	Unfunded	Currently	Notice
	Value	Commitment	Eligible)	Period
Private Equity Funds	\$120,903,277	\$32,436,560	Illiquid	N/A
Private Credit Funds	2,353,250	12,083,700	Illiquid	N/A
Hedge Fund 1	39,226,552		Quarterly	65 days
Hedge Fund 2	39,817,022		Semi	95 days
Real Assets Funds	28,546,316	13,345,669	Illiquid	N/A
International Equity Funds	44,162,624		Monthly	15 days
Commingled Fund within International Equities	26,242,986		Weekly	3 days
Commingled Fund within International Fixed Income	27,150,015		Bi-monthly	5 days
Commingled Fund within Domestic Fixed Income	14,760,384		Daily	1 day
Total	\$343,162,426			

- 1. Private Equity Funds: Private equity investment strategies include buyout, venture capital, growth capital, and special situations. Investments in the asset class are achieved primarily through commingled funds and may also include direct and co-investment opportunities. The objective of the asset class is to provide high long-term returns. Exposures are diversified by manager, region, strategy, and vintage year. Private equity investments are illiquid and distributions are received over the life of the investments, which can range between 10 and 15 years. These investments do not have set redemption schedules therefore options for exit are limited to sale on the secondary market. Capital commitments are made to these types of investments and funds are invested through a call down structure.
- 2. Comingled Fund within Private Credit: This strategy will focus on identifying market dislocations and credit-intensive assets, specifically in loan portfolios, corporate securities, structured credit, hard assets and special opportunities. The objective of the fund is to return a 1.5-1.7X multiple and a net IRR of 15% over the life of the fund, which can range between 6 and 8 years. The fund employs a flexible and opportunistic mandate allowing for investments in an assortment of securities which allows it to remain an active investor in a variety of transactions irrespective of market conditions and geographies. The fair value of the partnership interest is based on NAV provided by the General Partner. The partnership's financial statements are audited annually as of December 31 and the NAV is adjusted quarterly by additional contributions to and distributions from the partnership, the net earnings and losses, and unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value, as determined by the General Partner.

NOTE 4. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

- 3. Equity Hedge Funds: This represents investments in two Hedge FOF managers. Each FOF manager invests in underlying hedge funds to provide a broadly diversified portfolio. One invests with 10-20 underlying managers/funds to execute its global market strategy. The other invests in 20-40 underlying managers/funds in a relative value mandate. The hedge fund strategy is designed to diversify by manager/fund to reduce single manager/fund risk while offering portfolio diversification and provide a return profile that is uncorrelated to the rest of the assets in the portfolio. The fair values of the investments are determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. These funds have liquidity restrictions of 3 to 6 months.
- 4. Real Asset Funds: This represents funds that invest in institutional real estate (office, multi-family, industrial, and retail) and natural resources strategies. The fair values of the investments in these strategies are determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the Plan's ownership interest in partnership's capital. The real estate strategies deployed include a U.S. focused property strategy (core to core plus) and a global FOF strategy. The global FOF manager invests in 20-30 underlying managers/funds. The natural resources investments are through FOF strategies. The natural resource managers invest in 10-25 underlying relationships as they build a diversified portfolio with exposure to oil, natural gas, agriculture, timber, and other natural resources. Capital commitments are made to these types of investments and funds are invested through a call down structure. These funds have liquidity restrictions for the life of the investment, 7-10 years. Options for exit are limited to sale on the secondary market.
- 5. International Equity Funds: This represents investments primarily in value oriented equity securities of international developed markets (non-U.S. issuers; e.g., MSCI EAFE) with the objective of achieving a long-term return above a passive benchmark (EAFE). This manager focuses on a dividend discount model value based philosophy for publicly traded equity. All securities are recorded at fair value. Foreign securities are valued on the basis of quotations from the primary market in which they are traded and translated at each valuation date from the local currency into U.S. dollars using current exchange rates. The Fund may enter into forward foreign currency exchange contracts primarily to hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-U.S. dollar-denominated investment securities.
- 6. Commingled Fund within International Equities: This represents investments made in predominantly listed large and mega capitalization securities in emerging markets. The objective of this fund is to achieve a long-term return above a passive benchmark (e.g. MSCI EM Index). The manager employs a flexible research intensive investment approach to own high quality businesses over the long term. NAVs are normally calculated as of 4:00pm Eastern Time for each business day the relevant exchange is open. Securities for which market quotations are readily available and reliable are to be valued using the applicable market quotations.

NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

- 7. Commingled Fund within International Fixed Income: This represents investments primarily in a globally diversified portfolio of high quality sovereign bonds and currencies in emerging markets (non-U.S. issuers; e.g. MSCI EM). The objective of this fund is to generate income, preserve capital, and enhance principal above a passive benchmark (JP Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index). NAV for the Fund is only calculated twice a month on the last business day and the 15th (or next business day if the 15th is a nonbusiness day). The ownership interest is only in the units of the Fund, not the underlying holding or securities of the Fund.
- 8. Commingled Fund within Domestic Fixed Income: The Strategy is managed using an "indexing" investment approach by which the manager attempts to approximate, before expenses, the performance of the Index (e.g. Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Treasury Inflation Protected Securities Index) over the long term. The manager expects that it will typically seek to replicate Index returns for the Portfolio through investments in the "cash" markets actual holdings of debt securities and other instruments rather than through "notional" or "synthetic" positions achieved through the use of derivatives, such as futures contracts or swap transactions (except in the unusual case where the manager believes that use of derivatives is necessary to achieve an exposure that is not readily available through the cash markets). NAVs are normally calculated as of 4:00pm Eastern Time for each business day the relevant exchange is open. Securities for which market quotations are readily available and reliable are to be valued using the applicable market quotations.

NOTE 5 DEFERRED RETIREMENT OPTION PROGRAM

The Plan offers a program called Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP). This is a voluntary benefit program which offers qualified active Participants, who would be entitled to retire and receive benefits, the option to continue working. An individual DROP record is created and is credited with the monthly retirement benefits that would have been paid during the DROP period had the participant actually retired. The record is also credited with the required employee contributions and interest. The DROP record is paid to the employee, in addition to the benefit payment entitled under the defined benefit plan based on the earlier years of service, when the employee eventually retires. Participating members may elect distribution as one lump sum payment, a rollover or in monthly payments. The balance held by the Plan as of June 30, 2021 and 2020 was \$16,267,540 and \$17,447,885, respectively.

NOTE 6 NET PENSION LIABILITY OF THE COUNTY

The components of the net pension liability of the County at June 30 were as follows:

	2021	2020
Total Pension Liability	\$828,261,117	\$779,728,093
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(825,833,713)	(648,877,033)
County's Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,427,404	\$ 130,851,060
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a		
Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	99.71 %	83.22 %

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2021 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary Increases Varies by service, 4.25% to 7.75%,

including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.35%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality RP-2014 Combined Healthy Tables with

generational projection from 2006 base year using

scale MP-2017

The actuarial assumptions used in this valuation, for GASB 67 purposes, were generally based on the 2018 Experience Study covering the period from July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017. Economic assumptions and the demographic assumptions were updated to reflect the 2013-2017 experience study.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are reviewed no less frequently than every four years.

NOTE 6 NET PENSION LIABILITY OF THE COUNTY (CONTINUED)

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, included in the Plan's target allocation as of June 30, 2021 (see Note 3), are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Equities	4.60%
Fixed Income	2.20%
Alternative Investments	6.00%
Real Assets	5.10%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.35%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the County contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between total actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate changed from 7.40% to 7.35% for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

As of June 30, 2021

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.35%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.35%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.35%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.35)%	(7.35%)	(8.35)%
County's Net Pension Liability	\$ 120,397,232	\$ 2,427,404	\$ (94,030,316)

As of June 30, 2020

The following presents the net pension liability of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.40%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.40%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.40%) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(6.40)%	(7.40)%	(8.40)%
County's Net Pension Liability	\$ 241,746,998	\$ 130,851,060	\$ 40,151,168

HOWARD COUNTY POLICE AND FIRE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIO (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY								
Service Cost	\$ 24,446	\$ 23,123	\$ 22,278	\$ 21,109	\$ 19,163	\$ 18,974	\$ 17,708	\$ 17,535
Interest	56,037	53,578	50,713	46,900	43,426	39,998	36,208	33,630
Changes of Benefit Terms	_	_	_	_	_	(1,705)	_	_
Differences Between Expected and Actual								
Experience	(2,382)	(8,607)	(2,667)	13,530	6,319	7,599	(1,596)	_
Changes of Assumptions	5,066	4,770	3,936	_	_	_	16,621	14,989
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of								
Member Contributions	(34,634)	(34,320)	(27,572)	(24,755)	(20,422)	(17,890)	(18,941)	(15,679)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	48,533	38,544	46,688	56,784	48,486	46,976	50,000	50,475
Total Pension Liability - Beginning	779,728	741,184	694,496	637,712	589,226	542,250	492,250	441,775
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$ 828,261	\$ 779,728	\$ 741,184	\$ 694,496	\$ 637,712	\$ 589,226	\$ 542,250	\$ 492,250
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION								
Contributions - Employer	\$ 31,923	\$ 31,105	\$ 27,720	\$ 26,337	\$ 24,729	\$ 21,636	\$ 22,530	\$ 20,822
Contributions - Member	8,374	8,184	8,125	7,859	7,387	7,041	7,006	6,526
Net Investment Income	171,695	24,964	39,639	46,560	55,956	6,459	11,531	54,733
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds	_							
of Member Contributions	(34,634)	(34,321)	(27,571)	(24,755)	(20,421)	(17,889)	(18,941)	(15,679)
Administrative Expense	(401)	(413)	(457)	(355)	(344)	(327)	(368)	(271)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	176,957	29,519	47,456	55,646	67,307	16,920	21,758	66,131
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	648,877	619,358	571,902	516,256	448,949	432,029	410,271	344,140
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$ 825,834	\$ 648,877	\$ 619,358	\$ 571,902	\$ 516,256	\$ 448,949	\$ 432,029	\$ 410,271
County's Net Pension Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$ 2,427	\$ 130,851	\$ 121,826	\$ 122,594	\$ 121,456	\$ 140,277	\$ 110,221	\$ 81,979
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage								
of the Total Pension Liability	99.71 %	83.22 %	83.56 %	82.35 %	80.95 %	76.19 %	79.67 %	83.35 %
Covered Payroll	\$ 90,179	\$ 87,868	\$ 83,746	\$ 81,037	\$ 80,814	\$ 72,121	\$ 70,406	\$ 67,169
County's Net Pension Liability as a								
Percentage of Covered Payroll	2.69 %	148.92 %	145.47 %	151.28 %	150.29 %	194.50 %	156.55 %	122.05 %
Expected Average Remaining Service Years of								
all Participants	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	9

^{*} Information for FY2013 and Earlier is not Available.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes. None.

Changes of Assumptions. The valuation interest rate assumption changed From 7.40% to 7.35%

HOWARD COUNTY POLICE AND FIRE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014*
Actuarially Determined Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$30,841	\$31,105	\$27,720	\$26,337	\$24,729	\$21,636	\$22,530	\$20,822
Determined Contribution	31,923	31,105	27,720	26,337	24,729	21,636	22,530	20,822
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (1,082)	\$ —	\$ —					
Covered Payroll	\$90,179	\$87,868	\$83,746	\$81,037	\$80,814	\$72,121	\$70,406	\$67,169
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	35.40 %	35.40 %	33.10 %	32.50 %	30.60 %	30.00 %	32.00 %	31.00 %

ADC rate for FY 21 was 34.2%...

Notes to Schedule

Valuation Date and Actuarial Assumptions:

The actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1). The assumptions shown below are those used in the 7/1/2019 actuarial valuation to calculate the FY 2021 ADC and the assumptions used to determine all contributions in the past would not have been the same.

Actuarial Cost Method Projected Unit Credit (Entry Age Used for GASB 67 purposes)

Amortization Method Level percent of pay increasing 2.75% per year

Remaining Amortization Period Remaining amortization periods range from 3 to 15 years.

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.65%

Salary Increases Varies by service. 4.25% to 7.75%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 7.40%, before expenses, including

Retirement Age Rates vary by participant age and service and (for GASB

purposes only) set at 100% at DROP entry (or expected entry). Normal Cost (for GASB purposes) ceases for Police and Fire members when they enter DROP since GASB 67

does not allow Normal Cost while in DROP.

Mortality RP-2014 Combined Healthy tables with generational

projection from 2006 base year using scale MP-2017

Cost of Living Increases 2.00%

^{*} Information for FY2013 and Earlier is not Available.

HOWARD COUNTY POLICE AND FIRE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

	Annual Money-Weighted
	Rate of Return, Net of
Fiscal Year Ending	Investment Expenses
6/30/2021	25.92 %
6/30/2020	4.10 %
6/30/2019	7.50 %
6/30/2018	8.55 %
6/30/2017	12.18 %
6/30/2016	1.38 %
6/30/2015	2.95 %
6/30/2014	15.62 %
6/30/2013	11.33 %
6/30/2012	(1.21)%