# **HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN**

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023** 

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Retirement Plan Committee Howard County Retirement Plan Howard County, Maryland

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Howard County Retirement Plan (the Plan), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Plan's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the fiduciary net position of the Plan as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the respective changes in its fiduciary net position for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Plan and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Plan's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

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#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
  to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant
  accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the
  financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Plan's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Retirement Plan Committee Howard County Retirement Plan

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedules of Changes in the County's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios, the Schedule of County Contributions, and the Schedule of Investment Returns and related notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 21, 2024, on our consideration of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Plan's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Plan's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Baltimore, Maryland November 21, 2024

#### Introduction

The Howard County Retirement Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement plan administered by Howard County, Maryland, which provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and cost-of-living adjustments.

Responsibilities for administration and operation of the Plan are vested in a Retirement Committee with seven members (Committee). The Committee has authority to establish and amend the respective benefit and contribution provisions.

# **Membership Data**

	07/01/2023	07/01/2022	07/01/2021
Active	1,938	1,884	1,854
Retired and beneficiaries	1,079	1,030	954
Disabled	16	18	16
Terminated vested	266	244	217
Total	3,299	3,176	3,041

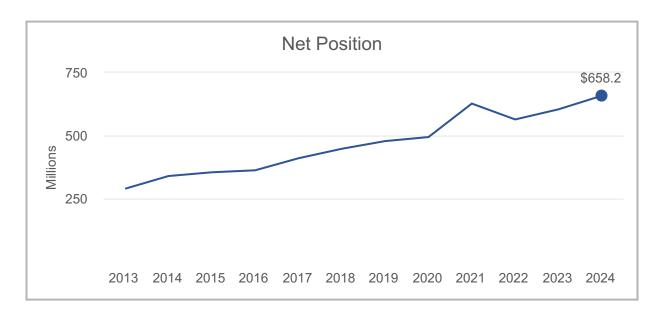
#### **Financial Highlights**

The financial statements of the Plan were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed and expenses are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value.

As of June 30, 2024, the net position was \$658.2 million as compared to \$604.3 million at June 30, 2023. The increase in net position of \$53.9 million can be attributed to falling treasury rates within fixed income, combined with a strong performance by equities, as the relative strength of stocks in technology and artificial intelligence has fueled the recent market strength. Real assets generated a negative return for the fiscal year while all other asset classes were positive. The Trust's performance was in line with the median public plans (All public plans greater than one billion dollars) for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

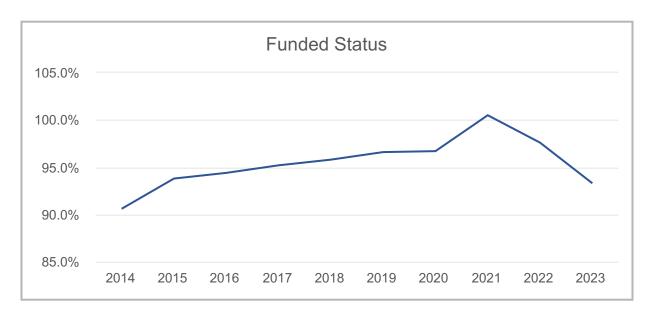
		Fiscal Year*	
	2024	2023	2022
Contributions	\$26.30	\$21.34	\$21.24
Benefit Payments	\$30.29	\$28.50	\$23.69
Contribution rates	12.3%	10.8%	11.8%
# of benefit recipients	1,130	1,077	1,030

<sup>\*</sup>amounts in millions



## **Funded Status**

The Plan's funding objective is to meet long-term benefit obligations through contributions and investment income. The funding ratio, which is the actuarial value of assets divided by the actuarial accrued liability is an estimate of how well the Plan is meeting that objective. A higher ratio indicates the Plan is better funded. The funded ratio of the Plan was 93.3% and 97.6% as of July 1, 2023 and July 1, 2022, respectively.



#### **Overview of the Basic Financial Statements**

In this financial report, the basic financial statements consist of the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position with accompanying notes as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 with comparative information as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022. The financial position is comprised of assets, which primarily consist of investments less liabilities, including accounts payable and investment commitments payable.

The Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position presents the additions to and deductions from the Plan's net position during the year. The Plan receives contributions from participants and the County as well as income or losses from investments and related activities. The primary deductions are the payments of benefits, which are the Plan's primary objectives. Deductions also include refunds to members who leave the Plan as well as administrative expenses.

#### **Notes to the Basic Financial Statements**

The Notes to Financial Statements contain disclosures and discussions which support the data presented in the financial statements. The notes present information about the administration of the Plan, significant accounting policies, and investments. The notes are an integral part of the financial statements and should be considered in conjunction with any review of the financial statements.

# Required Supplementary Information (RSI)

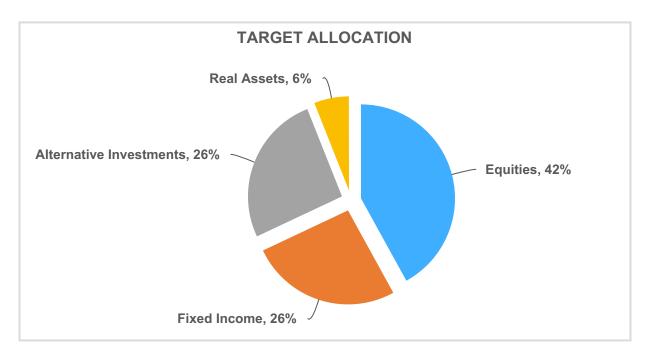
The RSI section provides actuarially determined information about the Plan and displays changes for the Plan's Net Pension Liability (NPL) and related ratios, contributions related to payrolls by the Plan, and money-weighted investment returns.

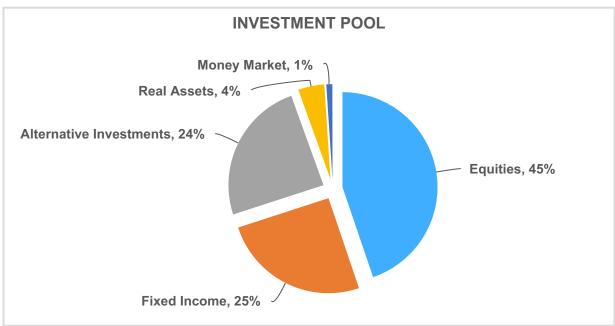
The following Condensed Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position present financial information for the Plan and compares fiscal years 2024, 2023 and 2022.

					2024 Percentage	2023 Percentage
Assets	2024		2023	 2022	Change	Change
Receivables	\$ 2,043,889	\$	3,917,568	\$ 3,510,031	(48)%	12 %
Investments	657,689,432	6	00,985,352	563,215,528	9 %	7 %
Prepaid Insurance	23,982		24,025	23,874	— %	1 %
Total Assets	659,757,303	6	04,926,945	 566,749,433	9 %	7 %
Liabilities						
Investments Purchased	1,138,358		308,363	2,376,992	269 %	(87)%
Accounts Payable	 416,652		340,605	234,835	22 %	45 %
Total Liabilities	 1,555,010		648,968	 2,611,827	140 %	(75)%
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension						
Benefits	\$ 658,202,293	\$6	04,277,977	\$ 564,137,606	9 %	7 %
Additions						
<b>Employer Contributions</b>	\$ 20,246,420	\$	16,093,684	\$ 16,347,464	26 %	(2)%
Employee Contributions	6,050,873		5,244,021	4,897,184	15 %	7 %
Net Investment Income						
(Loss)	58,542,946		47,813,631	(60,063,755)	22 %	180 %
Total Additions	 84,840,239		69,151,336	 (38,819,107)	23 %	278 %
Deductions						
Benefit Payments and						
Refunds	30,288,011		28,502,013	23,694,999	6 %	20 %
Administrative Expenses	627,912		508,952	417,236	23 %	22 %
Total Deductions	 30,915,923		29,010,965	 24,112,235	7 %	20 %
Net Change	\$ 53,924,316	\$	40,140,371	\$ (62,931,342)	34 %	164 %
Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits:						
Beginning of Year	604,277,977	5	64,137,606	 627,068,948	7 %	(10)%
End of Year	\$ 658,202,293	\$6	04,277,977	\$ 564,137,606	9 %	7 %

#### **Investments**

Investments consist of U.S. equities (large cap and non-large cap), international equities (international developed markets and international emerging markets), fixed income, real assets, money market and alternatives (private equities and hedge funds). The Plan is a participant in a combined pension investment pool and it does not own an undivided interest in specific assets of the Pool. The investments presented by category are the Plan's proportionate share of the investments by category of the Pool that are reported at fair value.



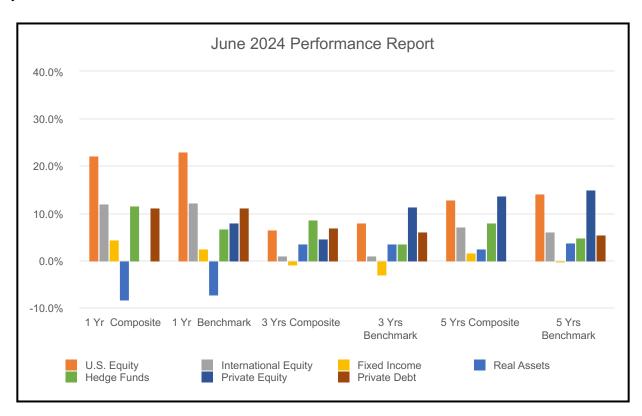


Note: Due to rounding, % may not add up to 100%.

LONG TERM EXPECTED RATE OF RETURN				
Equities	4.52%			
Fixed Income	2.70%			
Alternative Investments	6.33%			
Real Assets	5.17%			

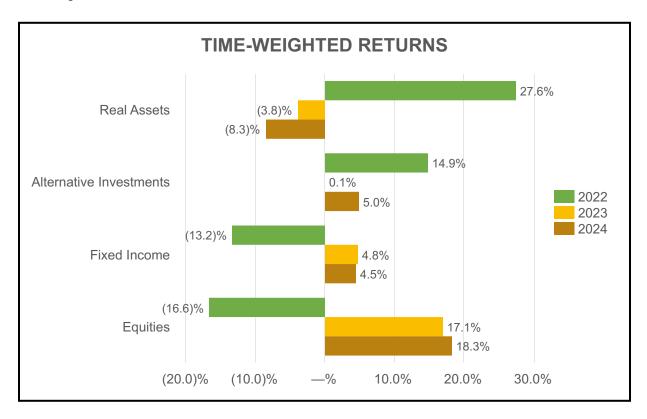
## **Investment Performance Summary**

The retiree's benefit is paid from investment earnings and contributions. Displayed below is a comparison of the portfolio's returns (composite) to its policy benchmark in one year, three years and five years:



Note: The performance listed may not reflect final returns as of the date listed as private markets report investment returns on a quarter basis lag.

The investment Pool's time-weighted returns (gross of fees) are displayed by investment type in the following table.



## **Additional Information**

The Plan's financial statements are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and are available at Howard County's web page www.howardcountymd.gov/finance/finance-audits.

# HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN STATEMENTS OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024		2023	
ASSETS				
Receivables:				
Employer Contributions	\$	1,005,333	\$	875,021
Member Contributions		264,532		239,399
Interest and Dividends		344,470		314,662
Due from Sales of Investments		417,931		2,478,225
Other		11,623		10,261
Total Receivables		2,043,889		3,917,568
Investments:				
Money Market		7,370,667		5,376,497
Equities		294,344,731		263,540,262
Fixed Income		165,677,310		147,039,274
Alternative Investments		160,969,752		153,196,294
Real Assets		29,326,972		31,833,025
Total Investments		657,689,432		600,985,352
Prepaid Insurance		23,982		24,025
Total Assets		659,757,303		604,926,945
LIABILITIES				
Investments Purchased		1,138,358		308,363
Accounts Payable		416,652		340,605
Total Liabilities		1,555,010		648,968
Fiduciary Net Position Held in Trust for Pension Benefits	\$	658,202,293	\$	604,277,977

# HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 AND 2023

		2024	2023
ADDITIONS:	'	_	_
CONTRIBUTIONS			
Employer	\$	20,246,420	\$ 16,093,684
Member		6,050,873	5,244,021
Total Contributions		26,297,293	21,337,705
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Net Change in Fair Value of Investments		49,184,611	36,949,200
Interest and Dividend		10,544,086	12,000,361
Other, Net		123,863	159,457
Total Investment Income		59,852,560	 49,109,018
Less: Investment Expense		1,309,614	1,295,387
Net Investment Income		58,542,946	47,813,631
Total Additions		84,840,239	69,151,336
DEDUCTIONS:			
BENEFITS			
Annuities		29,352,630	26,594,919
Death		447,783	1,148,318
Refunds of Contributions		487,598	758,776
Total Benefits		30,288,011	28,502,013
Administrative Expenses		627,912	 508,952
Total Deductions		30,915,923	29,010,965
NET CHANGE		53,924,316	40,140,371
FIDUCIARY NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST FOR PENSION BENEFITS:			
Beginning of Year		604,277,977	564,137,606
End of Year	\$	658,202,293	\$ 604,277,977

#### NOTE 1 PLAN DESCRIPTION

#### **Plan Administration**

The Howard County Retirement Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system established and administered by Howard County, Maryland (the County), to provide defined pension benefits for those County employees who do not participate in other County and State plans. The Plan was established on July 1, 1995, at which time approximately 73% of the County's employees transferred from the State Retirement and Pension Systems of Maryland to the Plan. The Plan is considered part of the County's financial reporting entity and is included in the County's financial statements as a pension trust fund. The accompanying financial statements present only the operations of the Plan and are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations of the County.

#### Plan Membership

At July 1, 2023 and 2022, the Plan's membership consisted of the following:

	2023	2022
Active	1,938	1,884
Retired and Beneficiaries	1,079	1,030
Disabled	16	18
Terminated Vested	266	244
Total	3,299	3,176

The Plan was established, is operated, and may be amended under the provisions of the Howard County Code, Sections 1.400 and 1.401 to 1.478. Essentially all of the County's full-time benefited and part-time benefited employees (excluding career firefighters and sworn police officers) are eligible to participate in the Plan, with exceptions provided for in Howard County Code Section 1.406. The Retirement Plan Committee established by Howard County Code Section 1.455 has full power and authority to administer and operate the Plan in accordance with its terms and in particular the authority contained in subsection 1.454(a). The Pension Oversight Commission established by Howard County Code, Section 1.482 provides ongoing assessment and evaluation of the Plan's operations.

#### **Benefits Provided**

Under the Retirement Plan, participants become vested after five years of eligibility service and are entitled to a benefit beginning at age 62. If an employee leaves employment or dies before five years of eligibility service, accumulated employee contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee or designated beneficiary. A participant who becomes totally and permanently disabled may retire prior to normal retirement and receive a benefit. Both disability and death benefits vary if incurred in the line of duty.

# NOTE 1 PLAN DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

#### **Benefits Provided (Continued)**

Participating general employees with 30 years of eligibility service, regardless of age, or who attain the age of 62 and older, with 2 to 5 years of eligibility service (for a total of 67 years), are entitled to a normal retirement benefit. For creditable service earned prior to June 30, 2012, the benefit is 1.55% of the participant's average compensation times the participant's creditable service; for creditable service after July 1, 2012, the multiplier is 1.66%. The Plan permits early retirement for participants who attain the age of 55 with at least 15 years of Eligibility Service or have 25 years of eligibility service, regardless of age. For early retirement, the benefit is reduced by 0.5% for each month that the benefit begins prior to normal retirement date.

For participating AFSCME Local 3085 the benefit is 1.66% of the participant's average compensation times all years of creditable service.

Participating Corrections employees are entitled to receive a normal retirement benefit of 2.5% of average compensation multiplied by years of creditable service (up to 20 years) plus 1.0% of average compensation multiplied by creditable service greater than 20 years but less than 30 years (excluding sick leave, which is always credited at 1.0% of average compensation). Normal retirement is the attainment of age of 62 and older, with 2 to 5 years of eligibility service (for a total of 67 years), or the completion of 20 years of eligibility service, regardless of age.

Benefits in pay status are adjusted annually for a postretirement cost of living adjustment (COLA). The Plan uses the Consumer Price Index (CPI-U) for the Baltimore-Columbia-Towson area as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics to calculate the change in retiree allowances each July. The maximum annual COLA is 3%.

# **Contributions**

The Plan is authorized to establish or amend the obligation to make contributions under the provisions of Sections 1.423 and 1.465 of the Howard County Code. The Plan's funding policy provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates that, expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll, are sufficient to accumulate assets to pay benefits when due. Participant contributions are 8.5% of base pay for participating Corrections employees with less than 20 years of creditable service, 0% of base pay for participating Correction employees with greater than 20 years of creditable service and effective January 1, 2014, 3% of base pay for other participants. The County funds the remainder of the cost of employees' participation in the Plan which was 12.3% of covered payroll in fiscal year 2024 and 10.8% in fiscal year 2023. The County contribution to the Plan is determined through an actuarial valuation performed by Bolton Partners, Inc. for each fiscal year. In fiscal years 2024 and 2023, the County contribution to the Plan were in excess of the actuarially determined contribution. This increase in contribution was adopted in order to maintain stability from year to year. Expenses incurred in the administration and operation of the Plan are funded by the Plan.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND PLAN ASSET MATTERS

#### **Method Used to Value Investments**

The Plan's investments are maintained in a combined investment pool. The Plan does not own an undivided interest in specific assets of the Pool. The investments presented by category are the Plan's proportionate share of the investments by category of the Pool and are reported at fair value. Short-term investments such as money market investments are reported at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on national or international exchanges are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Securities that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value derived from third-party pricing services. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on a trade date basis. The fair values of real estate investments are based on net asset values (NAV) provided by the investment managers. The fair value of non-pooled investments is determined annually and is based on current market prices. The fair value of investments in open-end mutual funds is determined based on the fund's current share price.

The Plan invests in assets measured at NAV and include private equity, private credit, hedge funds, real assets and real estate funds, which are collectively considered alternative investments. Alternative investments include interests in limited partnerships and limited liability companies invested in venture capital, private equities, and other investments. These investments are recorded based on net asset value amounts established by the respective fund managers as a practical approximation of fair value. Because alternative investments are not readily marketable, the estimated value is subject to uncertainty and, therefore, may differ materially from the amount reported.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which employee services are performed and expenses and refunds are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made. Benefits are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Income Taxes**

The Internal Revenue Service issued a determination letter on September 30, 2016, which stated that the Plan and its underlying trust qualify under the applicable provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and therefore are exempt from Federal income taxes.

#### NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS

#### **Investment Policy**

The Plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and administered by the Retirement Plan Committee. Specific investment goals stated in the policy are reviewed at least annually and, when appropriate, new goals and standards are adopted by the Retirement Plan Committee. The policy is expected to provide diversification of assets in an effort to maximize investment return to the Plan consistent with prudent market and economic risk. All of the Plan's assets are to remain invested at all times in the asset classes as designated by the policy.

The following strategic asset allocation policy was adopted by the Plan on March 2002 and last amended on April 2023.

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation
Equities	42.0 %
Fixed Income	26.0
Alternative Investments	26.0
Real Assets	6.0
Total	100.0 %

#### **Concentrations - Fiscal Year 2024**

The Plan held investments in the following organizations that represent 5% or more of the pension plan's fiduciary net position: BlackRock (9%), Dodge and Cox (5%), LSV (8%), Mondrian (6%), U.S. Aggregate Bond Index (5%), U.S. Treasury Non Refundable Index (5%), and Westfield (8%).

#### **Concentrations - Fiscal year 2023**

The Plan held investments in the following organizations that represent 5% or more of the pension plan's fiduciary net position: Baillie Gifford (5%), BlackRock (8%), Blackstone (5%), Dodge and Cox (5%), LSV (7%), Magnitude (5%), Mondrian (5%), U.S. Treasury Non Refundable Index (5%), and Westfield (8%).

#### Risks and Uncertainties

The Plan invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, foreign currency and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of fiduciary net position.

# NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

## **Risks and Uncertainties (Continued)**

Interest Rate Risk

The Plan's investment policy does not place any limits on the professional investment managers with respect to the duration of investments for the Plan. The Plan's fixed income investments by maturity and type at June 30, 2024 were as follows:

Investment Type		Fair Value/ NAV	Weighted Average Maturity (in Years)
Corporate Bonds	\$	11,088,424	11.67
U.S. Government - Sponsored Enterprises		12,492,527	25.54
Government Issued/Treasuries		4,324,115	26.80
Other Asset-Backed Securities		1,517,789	28.69
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations		1,545,970	35.91
Municipal Securities		407,771	11.92
Commingled Funds and Preferred Stock			
Identified as Fixed Income for Reporting Purposes		134,300,714	Not Applicable
Total	\$	165,677,310	
Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity of Available Categ	ories		21.14

The Plan's fixed income investments by maturity and type at June 30, 2023 were as follows:

		Weighted Average
	Fair Value/	Maturity
Investment Type	 NAV	(in Years)
Corporate Bonds	\$ 11,874,912	13.45
U.S. Government - Sponsored Enterprises	10,650,028	25.65
Government Issued/Treasuries	3,011,392	25.70
Other Asset-Backed Securities	1,437,299	26.71
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations	1,475,537	38.81
Municipal Securities	526,828	14.28
Commingled Funds and Preferred Stock		
Identified as Fixed Income for Reporting Purposes	118,063,278	Not Applicable
Total	\$ 147,039,274	

Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity of Available Categories

21.17

# NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Risks and Uncertainties (Continued)

#### Credit Risk

The demand deposit accounts (DDA's) held by State Street Bank are unrated, as are the mutual funds used by the plan. At fiscal year-end, the Plan's fixed income investments had the following risk characteristics in fiscal years 2024 and 2023:

	Fiscal Year 2024	
Standard & Poor's Rating or Comparable	Fair Value	
AA to A-	\$	2,543,431
BBB to BB-		9,932,875
Not Rated		153,201,004
Total	\$	165,677,310
	'	_
	Fi	scal Year 2023
Standard & Poor's Rating or Comparable		Fair Value
AA to A-	\$	2,902,373
BBB to BB-		10,429,483
Not Rated		133,707,418
Total	\$	147,039,274

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

The Plan's investment policy does not establish any limitation on the percentage that the Plan may have with any one issuer, other than to state that the Plan's assets are to be diversified in accordance with Modern Portfolio Theory. At June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, the Plan's investments did not exceed 5% with any one issuer other than as identified on page 16.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

State Street Bank invests in interest bearing DDA's in the name of the Plan for all accounts and pays interest equal to the effective Federal Funds rate, which is included in money markets on the Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the amount in this fund at amortized cost which approximates fair value was \$7,370,667 and \$5,376,497, which was partially used for settlement of open purchases of \$1,138,358 and \$308,363, respectively. All other investments of the fund are held by State Street Bank as trustee in the Plan's names.

#### NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

# Risks and Uncertainties (Continued)

Credit Risk - Currency Forward Contracts, Futures and Options

One of the Plan's investment objectives is to diversify assets in accordance with the Modern Portfolio Theory (MPT) in order to reduce overall risk. Consistent with this objective, the Plan invested in some funds that hold currency forward-contracts and invest in warrants, options and futures. This strategy is undertaken to protect the dollar value of underlying international investments. The Plan's share of market value/gains or losses from currency forward-contracts, warrants and futures were \$30,914, \$22 and \$138,345 respectively for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The Plan's share of market value/gains or losses from currency forward-contracts, warrants, options, futures and cash were (\$25,351), \$11,876, (\$84), \$168,970 and \$160,682, respectively for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

#### Derivatives - Swaps

In accordance with the investment policy, during fiscal year 2024, the private debt fund invested in various types of swaps. The private credit fund reported \$19,225 in credit default swaps, \$2,146 in interest rate swaps and \$458 in return swaps.

#### Foreign Currency Risk

The Plan's exposure to foreign currency risk derives from its investments in foreign currency or instruments denominated in foreign currency. Investments in such securities are limited to a maximum net currency exposure of 34.50% at any given time. These pool of assets may also include hedged assets, therefore, reducing the overall currency risk. The Plan was also exposed to foreign currency risk through the Pools investment in Euro denominated alternative investments. The Pool total of these investments was \$14,282,728 and \$16,341,761 at June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively. The Plan's proportionate share was \$6,028,772 and \$6,943,708 at June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively for the fiscal year.

#### Rate of Return

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, were 9.8% and 8.2%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amount actually invested.

#### Investments Purchased and Due from Sales of Investments

Investment transactions are recorded on a trade plus three days or less timetable resulting in an amount due to and due from State Street Bank (the "Plan's Trustee") at year-end.

#### NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Plan investments are reported at fair value. The Plan categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles, as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Plan has the ability to access.
- Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include: quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation of other means. If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The assets or liabilities fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The table below reflects the Plan's proportionate share of the Pool's investments by type and fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as of June 30:

# NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

			 Fair	Valu	ue Measurement l	Jsin	9
	J	une 30, 2024	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	U	Significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Investments by Fair Value Level							
Debt Securities:							
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations							
(Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac and GNMA)	\$	1,545,970	\$ _	\$	1,545,970	\$	_
Corporate Bonds		11,088,424	_		11,088,424		_
Commingled Funds (Fixed Income)		42,012,669	24,854,060		17,158,609		_
FHLMC and FNMA Bonds		12,492,527	_		12,492,527		_
U.S. Treasury Securities		4,324,116	_		4,324,116		_
Municipal Bonds		407,772	_		407,772		_
Other Asset Backed Securities		1,517,789	_		1,517,789		_
Preferred Stock		431,187	431,187		_		_
Total Debt Securities		73,820,454	25,285,247		48,535,207		_
Equity Securities:							
Common Stocks		182,812,056	182,812,056		_		_
Emerging Market/Inter Equity Portfolio		49,558,162	49,558,162		_		_
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS)		850,905	850,905		_		_
Total Equity Securities		233,221,123	233,221,123	_	_		_
Total Investment by Fair Value Level	\$	307,041,577	\$ 258,506,370	\$	48,535,207	\$	
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV):							
Private Equity Funds		85,563,690					
Private Credit Funds		22,408,517					
Hedge Funds		52,997,545					
Real Assets Funds		29,326,972					
International Equity Funds		36,296,435					
Commingled Fund within international equities		24,827,173					
Commingled Fund within International Fixed Income		14,078,023					
Commingled Fund within Domestic Fixed Income		77,778,833					
Total Investments Measured at the NAV	_	343,277,188					
Total investments Measured							
at Fair Value*	\$	650,318,765					

<sup>\*</sup> Net of money market funds totaling \$7,370,667 which includes securities that have remaining maturities of less than 1 year and may be measured at amortized cost.

# NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

				Fair	Valu	e Measurement	Jsin	g
				Quoted Prices in Active Markets for		Significant Other		Significant
				Identical Assets		Observable Inputs	·	Jnobservable Inputs
	Jι	ıne 30, 2023		(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)
Investments by Fair Value Level								
Debt Securities:								
Collateralized Mortgage Obligations								
(Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac and GNMA)	\$	1,475,538	\$	_	\$	1,475,538	\$	_
Corporate Bonds		11,874,912		_		11,874,912		_
Commingled Funds (Fixed Income)		45,728,104		23,154,988		22,573,116		_
FHLMC and FNMA Bonds		10,650,027		_		10,650,027		_
U.S. Treasury Securities		3,011,392		_		3,011,392		_
Municipal Bonds		526,828		_		526,828		_
Other Asset Backed Securities		1,437,299		_		1,437,299		_
Preferred Stock		422,039		422,039		_		_
Total Debt Securities		75,126,139		23,577,027		51,549,112		
Equity Securities:								
Common Stocks		162,473,616		162,473,616		_		_
Emerging Market /Inter Equity Portfolio		48,203,746		48,203,746		_		_
Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS)		871,424		871,424		_		
Total Equity Securities		211,548,786	_	211,548,786			_	
Total Investment by Fair Value Level	\$	286,674,925	\$	235,125,813	\$	51,549,112	\$	
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV):								
Private Equity Funds		83,518,350						
Private Credit Funds		12,150,003						
Hedge Funds		57,527,940						
Real Assets Funds		31,833,024						
International Equity Funds		32,957,586						
Commingled Fund within international equities		19,033,891						
Commingled Fund within International Fixed Income		14,174,517						
Commingled Fund within Domestic Fixed Income		57,738,619						
Total Investments Measured at the NAV		308,933,930	•					
Total investments Measured								
at Fair Value*	_	595,608,855						

<sup>\*</sup> Net of money market funds totaling \$5,376,497 which includes securities that have remaining maturities of less than 1 year and may be measured at amortized cost.

# NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy refers to securities not traded on an active market but for which observable market inputs are readily available. Fixed income securities are priced on a daily basis, market to market, using a variety of third-party pricing sources, market data and methodologies.

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value ("NAV") per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table as of June 30, 2024:

	Fair Value	Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency (if Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Private Equity	85,563,690	36,937,961	Illiquid	N/A
Private Credit	22,408,517	9,908,871	Illiquid	N/A
Hedge Fund 1	27,543,486	_	Quarterly	65 days
Hedge Fund 2	25,454,059	_	Semi Annually	95 days
Real Asset Funds	29,326,972	6,935,996	Illiquid	N/A
International Equity Funds	36,296,435	_	Monthly	15 days
Commingled Fund within International Equities	24,827,173	_	Weekly	3 days
Commingled Fund within International Fixed Income	14,078,023	_	Bi-monthly	5 days
Commingled Fund within Domestic Fixed Income	\$ 77,778,834	_	Daily	1 day
Total	\$ 343,277,189			

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value ("NAV") per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table as of June 30, 2023:

	Fair Value	С	Unfunded ommitments	Redemption Frequency (if Currently Eligible)	Redemption Notice Period
Private Equity	\$ 83,518,350	\$	32,529,660	Illiquid	N/A
Private Credit	12,150,003		10,078,546	Illiquid	N/A
Hedge Fund 1	30,177,009		_	Quarterly	65 days
Hedge Fund 2	27,350,931		_	Semi Annually	95 days
Real Asset Funds	31,833,024		8,261,713	Illiquid	N/A
International Equity Funds	32,957,586		_	Monthly	15 days
Commingled Fund within International Equities	19,033,891		_	Weekly	3 days
Commingled Fund within International Fixed Income	14,174,517		_	Bi-monthly	5 days
Commingled Fund within Domestic Fixed Income	57,738,619		_	Daily	1 day
Total	\$ 308,933,930				

# NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

Private Equity Funds: Private equity investment strategies include buyout, venture capital, growth capital, and special situations. The Private Equity portfolio seeks to deliver long-term, risk-adjusted returns superior to those of comparable public markets. Investments in the asset class are achieved primarily through commingled, closed-end funds and may also include fund of funds, direct and co-investment opportunities. Exposures are diversified by manager, region, strategy, and vintage year. Private equity investments are illiquid, and distributions are received over the life of the investments, which can range between 10 and 15 years. These investments do not have set redemption schedules therefore options for exit are limited to sale on the secondary market. Capital commitments are made to these types of investments and funds are invested through a call down structure. The fair value of the partnership interest is based on NAV provided by the General Partner. The partnership's financial statements are audited annually as of December 31 and the NAV is adjusted quarterly by additional contributions to and distributions from the partnership, the net earnings and losses, and unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value, as determined by the General Partner.

<u>Private Debt Funds</u>: Private credit investment strategies will focus on identifying market dislocations and credit-intensive assets, specifically in loan portfolios, corporate securities, structured credit, hard assets and special opportunities. The Private Credit portfolio invests in commingled funds. The objective of the fund is to provide income from the premium yields along with a return over Liquid Credit over the life of the fund, which can range between 6 and 8 or more years. The fund employs a flexible and opportunistic mandate allowing for investments in a variety of strategies irrespective of market conditions and geographies. These investments do not have set redemption schedules therefore options for exit are limited to sale on the secondary market. Capital commitments are made to these types of investments and funds are invested through a call down structure. The fair value of the partnership interest is based on NAV provided by the General Partner. The partnership's financial statements are audited annually as of December 31 and the NAV is adjusted quarterly by additional contributions to and distributions from the partnership, the net earnings and losses, and unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value, as determined by the General Partner.

<u>Hedge Funds:</u> This represents investments in two Hedge FOF managers. Each FOF manager invests in underlying hedge funds to provide a broadly diversified portfolio. One invests with 10-20 underlying managers/funds to execute its global market strategy. The other invests in 20-40 underlying managers/funds in a relative value mandate. The hedge fund strategy is designed to diversify by manager/fund to reduce single manager/fund risk while offering portfolio diversification and provide a return profile that is uncorrelated to the rest of the assets in the portfolio. The fair values of the investments are determined using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) of the investments. These funds have liquidity restrictions of 3 to 6 months.

# NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

Real Assets Strategies: This represents funds that invest in Private Real Estate and Private Real Assets. The objective of the portfolio seeks to provide portfolio diversification, current income, and protection against unanticipated inflation. Real Estate investments are often classified by core or non-core (value-added or opportunistic). The Real Estate strategies deployed include a U.S. focused property strategy (core/core plus) and a global Fund of Funds (FOF) strategy. The global FOF manager invests across Directs, Primaries, and Secondaries. Within Private Real assets, the natural resources investments are deployed through a FOF strategy and may invest in 10-25 underlying relationships as they build a diversified portfolio with exposure to oil, natural gas, agriculture, timber, and other natural resources. The infrastructure managers will invest in direct portfolio companies in communications, transportations, and energy transition sectors. Capital commitments are made to these types of investments and funds are invested through a call down structure. These funds have liquidity restrictions for the life of the investment, 7-10 years. Options for exit are limited to sale on the secondary market. The fair value of the partnership interest is based on NAV provided by the General Partner. The partnership's financial statements are audited annually as of December 31 and the NAV is adjusted quarterly by additional contributions to and distributions from the partnership, the net earnings and losses, and unrealized gains and losses resulting from changes in fair value, as determined by the General Partner.

<u>International Developed Equity Funds</u>: This represents investments primarily in equity securities of international developed markets (non-U.S. issuers) with the objective of achieving a long-term return above a passive benchmark (MSCI EAFE). The managers implemented are complimentary as one focuses on growth-oriented companies and the other has a value focus. Foreign securities are valued based on quotations from the primary market in which they are traded and translated at each valuation date from the local currency into U.S. dollars using current exchange rates. The Funds may enter forward foreign currency exchange contracts primarily to hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-U.S. dollar-denominated investment securities.

<u>International Emerging Equities (Commingled Fund):</u> This represents investments within international markets to further diversify the developed market segments by investing in developing markets that have lower correlations with developed economies. The managers implemented are complimentary as one focuses on growth-oriented companies and the other has a value focus. Foreign securities are valued based on quotations from the primary market in which they are traded

and translated at each valuation date from the local currency into U.S. dollars using current exchange rates. The Funds may enter forward foreign currency exchange contracts primarily to hedge against foreign currency exchange rate risks on its non-U.S. dollar-denominated investment securities. The objective of the international emerging equity portfolio is to achieve a long-term return above a passive benchmark (MSCI EM Index).

#### NOTE 4 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)

<u>Emerging Market Debt Strategy (Commingled Fund</u>): This represents investments primarily in a globally diversified portfolio of high-quality sovereign bonds and currencies in emerging markets (non-U.S. issuers). The objective of this fund is to generate income, preserve capital, and enhance principal above a passive benchmark (JP Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Index). NAV for the Fund is only calculated twice a month on the last business day and the 15th (or next business day if the 15th is a non-business day). The ownership interest is only in the units of the Fund, not the underlying holding or securities of the Fund.

Core Fixed Income Strategies (Commingled Funds): This represents investments within US Investment Grade Fixed Income. The primary role of this portfolio is intended to provide income and downside protection to the portfolio in periods of financial market stress. Core fixed income is made up of US Treasuries and liquid credit. The primary role of the U.S. Treasuries portfolio is to provide capital preservation, liquidity, and to increase the diversification of the Plan as a whole. Treasuries and TIPS are passively managed. The primary role of the Liquid Credit strategy is to generate added yield compared to Treasuries over a full market cycle and provide diversification for the Plan. This manager will be well diversified, and may include, but is not limited to, investment grade and non-investment grade corporate debt, emerging market debt, and asset-backed securities. The objective of the Core Fixed Income portfolio is to achieve a long-term return above a passive benchmark (Bloomberg U.S. Aggregate Bond Index).

#### NOTE 5 DEFERRED RETIREMENT OPTION PROGRAM

The Plan offers a program called Deferred Retirement Option Plan (DROP) to Corrections employees. This is a voluntary benefit program which offers qualified active Participants, who would be entitled to retire and receive benefits, the option to continue working. An individual DROP record is created and is credited with the monthly retirement benefits that would have been paid during the DROP period had the participant actually retired. The record is also credited with interest. The DROP record is paid to the employee, in addition to the benefit payment entitled under the defined benefit plan based on the earlier years of service, when the employee eventually retires. Participating members may elect distribution as one lump sum payment, a rollover or in monthly payments. The balance held by the Plan as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 was \$666,523 and \$467,384, respectively.

#### NOTE 6 NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY OF THE COUNTY

The components of the net pension (asset) liability of the County at June 30 were as follows:

	 2024	 2023
Total Pension Liability	\$ 742,186,609	\$ 676,364,352
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	 (658,202,293)	 (604,277,977)
County's Net Pension (Asset) Liability	\$ 83,984,316	\$ 72,086,375

Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension (Asset) Liability

## NOTE 6 NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY OF THE COUNTY (CONTINUED)

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2023 actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2024 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by service, 3.75% to 6.25%,

including inflation for corrections employees and 3.75% to 6.30% including inflation for all other

employees.

Investment Rate of Return 7.15%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality Corrections and deputy sheriff employees:

Pub-2010 Safety Employees/Retirees/Disabled/ Contingent Survivors Amount-Weighted Mortality with generational projection from the 2010 base year using scale MP-2021. All other employees: Pub 2010 General Employees/Retirees/Disabled/ Contingent Survivors Amount -Weighted Mortality with generational projection from the 2010 base

year using scale MP-2021.

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2022 actuarial valuation rolled forward to June 30, 2023 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Varies by service, 3.75% to 6.25%,

including inflation for corrections employees and 3.75% to 6.30% including inflation for all other

employees.

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality Corrections and deputy sheriff employees:

Pub-2010 Safety Employees/Retirees/Disabled/ Contingent Survivors Amount-Weighted Mortality with generational projection from the 2010 base year using scale MP-2021. All other employees: Pub 2010 General Employees/Retirees/Disabled/ Contingent Survivors Amount -Weighted Mortality with generational projection from the 2010 base

year using scale MP-2021.

# NOTE 6 NET PENSION (ASSET) LIABILITY OF THE COUNTY (CONTINUED)

The actuarial assumptions used in this valuation, for GASB 67 purposes, were generally based on the 2022 Experience Study covering the period from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2021. Economic assumptions and the demographic assumptions were updated to reflect the 2017-2021 experience study.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are reviewed no less frequently than every four years.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, included in the Plan's target allocation as of June 30, 2024 and 2023 (see Note 3), are summarized in the following table:

#### As of June 30, 2024:

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Equities	4.52%
Fixed Income	2.70%
Alternative Investments	6.33%
Real Assets	5.17%

#### As of June 30, 2023:

	Long-Term
	Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Equities	4.87%
Fixed Income	3.06%
Alternative Investments	6.75%
Real Assets	4.35%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% and 7.25% for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the County contributions will be made at rates equal to the total actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# NOTE 6 NET PENSION LIABILITY OF THE COUNTY (CONTINUED)

# Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

#### As of June 30, 2024:

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.15%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	D	iscount Rate	Increase
	(6.15%)		(7.15%)	(8.15%)
County's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 181,511,271	\$	83,984,316	\$ 2,691,902

#### As of June 30, 2023:

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the County's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	Di	scount Rate	Increase
	(6.25%)		(7.25%)	 (8.25%)
County's Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 160,808,393	\$	72,086,375	\$ (1,955,725)

# HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

# (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

# (SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY																				
Service Cost	\$	19,383	\$	19,785	\$	19,363	\$	19,359	\$	18,342	\$	17,330	\$	16,919	\$	15,861	\$	15,093	\$	14,073
Interest		47,938		43,540		40,899		39,129		37,417		34,964		32,786		30,959		29,046		27,198
Changes of Benefit Terms		_		_		(384)		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Differences Between Expected and Actual																				
Experience		19,864		19,699		926		(5,043)		(9,115)		(5,973)		379		(6,369)		(4,093)		(2,741)
Changes of Assumptions		8,924		7,037		1,718		785		743		9,529		_		_		_		(851)
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of																				
Member Contributions		(30,288)		(28,502)		(23,694)		(21,238)		_		(19,013)		(16,809)		(15,379)		(13,700)		(12,375)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		65,821		61,559		38,828		32,992		27,320		36,837		33,275		25,072		26,346		25,304
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		676,364		614,805		575,977		542,985		515,665		478,828		445,553		420,481		394,135		368,831
Total Pension Liability - Ending (a)	\$	742,185	\$	676,364	\$	614,805	\$	575,977	\$	542,985	\$	515,665	\$	478,828	\$	445,553	\$	420,481	\$	394,135
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION																				_
Contributions - Employer	\$	20,246	\$	16,094	\$	16,347	\$	15,889	\$	15,034	\$	14,155	\$	14,841	\$	14,179	\$	13,428	\$	13,967
Contributions - Member	Ψ	6,051	Ψ	5,244	Ψ	4,897	Ψ	4,857	Ψ	4,749	Ψ	4,378	Ψ	4,156	Ψ	3,904	Ψ	3,757	Ψ	3,573
Net Investment Income		58,543		47,814		(60,064)		133,778		16,691		31,355		35,808		45,447		4,743		9,983
Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of		30,343		47,014		(00,004)		100,770		10,031		31,333		33,000		75,777		4,740		9,900
Member Contributions		(30,288)		(28,502)		(23,695)		(21,238)		(20,067)		(19,012)		(16,809)		(15,379)		(13,700)		(12,375)
Administrative Expense		(628)		(509)		(417)		(424)		(397)		(439)		(351)		(336)		(341)		(311)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	_	53,924	_	40,141	_	(62,932)	_	132,862		16,010	_	30,437	_	37,645	_	47,815	_	7,887	_	14,837
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		604,278		564,137		627,069		494,207		478,197		447,760		410,115		362,300		354,413		339,576
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	\$	658,202	\$	604,278	\$	564,137	\$	627,069	\$	494,207	\$	478,197	\$	447,760	\$	410,115	\$	362,300	\$	354,413
rian riadolary Net i osition - Enamy (b)	<u> </u>	000,202	Ψ	004,270	<u> </u>	004,107	<u> </u>	027,000	<u> </u>	404,207	<u></u>	470,107	<u> </u>	447,700	<u> </u>	410,110	<u> </u>	002,000	<u> </u>	004,410
County's Net Pension (Asset)/ Liability - Ending (a)-(b)	\$	83,983	\$	72,086	\$	50,668	\$	(51,092)	\$	48,778	\$	37,468	\$	31,068	\$	35,438	\$	58,181	\$	39,722
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension (Asset)/ Liability		88.68 %		89.34 %		91.76 %		108.87 %		91.02 %		92.73 %		93.51 %		92.05 %		86.16 %		89.92 %
Covered Payroll	\$	164,605	\$	149,016	\$	138.538	\$	134.649	\$	129,605	\$	123,090	\$	119,686	\$	114.349	\$	108,292	\$	103,462
•	Ψ	. 5 1,000	Ψ	. 10,010	Ψ	. 50,000	Ψ	.51,010	Ψ	.20,000	Ψ	0,000	Ψ	. 10,000	Ψ	. 1 1,0 10	Ψ	. 50,202	Ψ	.00,102
County's Net Pension (Asset)/ Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		51.02 %		48.37 %		36.57 %		(37.94)%		37.64 %		30.44 %		25.96 %		30.99 %		53.73 %		38.39 %
Expected Average Remaining Service Years of all Participants		7		7		7		7		7		7		7		7		7		7

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions: The discount rate was changed from 7.25% to 7.15% in 2024.

Benefit Changes: None

# HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS) LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

(SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially Determined Contribution  Contributions in Relation to the Actuarially	\$ 17,284	\$ 14,455	\$ 16,208	\$ 15,889	\$ 15,034	\$ 14,155	\$ 14,003	\$ 13,265	\$ 13,428	\$ 13,967
Determined Contribution	20,246	16,094	16,347	15,889	15,034	14,155	14,841	14,179	13,428	13,967
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (2,962)	\$ (1,639)	\$ (139)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ (838)	\$ (914)	\$ —	\$ —
Covered Payroll	\$ 164,605	\$ 149,016	\$ 138,538	\$ 134,649	\$ 129,605	\$ 123,090	\$ 119,685	\$ 114,349	\$ 108,292	\$ 103,462
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	12.30 %	10.80 %	11.80 %	11.80 %	11.60 %	11.50 %	12.40 %	12.40 %	12.40 %	13.50 %

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ADC rates for FY 24 was 10.5%, for FY 23 was 9.7%, for FY 22 and FY18 was 11.7% & for FY 17 was 11.6%.

#### **Notes to Schedule**

#### Valuation Date and Actuarial Assumptions:

The actuarially determined contribution amounts are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year (July 1) for the fiscal year immediately following the current fiscal year. Actuarial valuations are performed every year. The assumptions shown below are those used in the 7/1/2022 actuarial valuation to calculate the FY 2024 ADC. Assumptions used to determine all contributions in the past may not have been the same.

Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Inflation

Salary Increases

Investment Rate of Return

Retirement Age

Mortality

Cost of Living Increases

Projected Unit Credit

Open amortization for surplus using level percent of pay, increasing 2.75% per year

Surplus amortization base is 30 year.

5-year smoothed market

2.50%

Varies by service for Corrections employees and all other employees: Corrections: 4.00% to 7.25%, including inflation and all others: 3.75% to 6.30%, including inflation

7.25%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Rates vary by participant age and service

Pub-2010SafetyEmployees/Retirees/Disabled/ContingentSurvivorsAmount-WeightedMortalitywithgenerationalprojectionfromthe2010baseyearusingscaleMP-2021

Pub-2010GeneralEmployees/Retirees/Disabled/ContingentSurvivorsAmount-

WeightedMortalitywithgenerationalprojectionfromthe2010baseyearusingscaleMP-2021

2.50%

# HOWARD COUNTY RETIREMENT PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

(SEE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT)

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Money- Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses
6/30/2024	9.75 %
6/30/2023	8.20 %
6/30/2022	(8.50)%
6/30/2021	25.92 %
6/30/2020	4.10 %
6/30/2019	7.50 %
6/30/2018	8.55 %
6/30/2017	12.18 %
6/30/2016	1.38 %
6/30/2015	2.95 %